

DRIVE AGAINST MALARIA

BINGONGOL II

A pigmy village in southeast Cameroon

*(Version: Dutch & English)
(Edit by: Stephen Johnston)*

“Drive Against Malaria” focuses on malaria prevention for the Bantu and ignored Pigmy population in this difficult to reach area by distributing LLITNs and ACTs and providing diagnostical support.



The Bingongol II village is situated about six kilometres southeast of Lomie and has 384 families with pregnant women and/or children under the age of five. The community is dependent upon the district hospital in Lomie, but no LLITNs, ACTs or diagnostical materials are available.

We distributed 384 LLITNs using vaccination cards containing health status information for mothers and their children. These health cards clearly indicated to us that malaria is endemic in this region – some mothers have lost 3 or 4 children or have had several miscarriages caused by malaria.



Plans

Bingongol II will remain under the care of Drive Against Malaria, and the number of nets given to the community will increase as needed. As of September 2008 we have also been providing follow-up monitoring, continuing education, and malaria diagnosis for the whole community under the ACT program. Our next area of focus is Bingongol I.

Results

- DAM has distributed over 384 LLITNs in the community;
- This distribution was accompanied by an education program about malaria prevention.. ◀

DRIVE AGAINST MALARIA

BINGONGOL II

Pigmeë dorp in zuid-oost Kameroen

“Drive Against Malaria” concentreert zich op het moeilijk bereikbare dorp van de Bantu bevolking in zuid-oost Kameroen. Dit is eveneens het leefgebied van de genegeerde Pigmeë populatie. DAM zorgt voor malaria preventie door de distributie van LLIN's. Tevens ACT's en diagnostische ondersteuning.



Het dorpje Bingongol II ligt zes kilometer ten zuid-oosten van Lomie en telt 384 gezinnen met kinderen onder de 5 jaar en/of zwangere vrouwen. De gemeenschap is aangewezen op het district ziekenhuis in Lomie.

Geen LLIN's, ACT's of diagnose materiaal aanwezig.

De distributie van 384 LLIN's is uitgevoerd aan de hand van de vaccinatiekaart. Hierop is de gezondheidsstatus van moeder en kind af te lezen. Hieruit blijkt dat malaria endemisch is. Sommige moeders hebben 3 tot 4 baby's verloren of hebben diverse miskramen gehad ten gevolge van malaria.



Plannen

Bingongol II zal onder de hoede blijven van de Drive Against Malaria met nodige uitbreiding van het aantal netten ten behoeve van de gemeenschap. Vervolg monitoring, educatie herhaling, malaria diagnose voor de hele gemeenschap, een ACT programma, vanaf september 2008.

Bingongol I moet volgen.

Resultaten:

- Binnen de gemeenschap heeft DAM ruim 384 LLINs gedistribueerd;
- Tijdens distributie educatie programma over malaria preventie. ◀

Drive Against Malaria in 2008

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We thank you for joining us, and our many volunteers in our fight against Malaria

'Drive Against Malaria' is a campaign of Transparent World Foundation

www.driveagainstmalaria.org

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